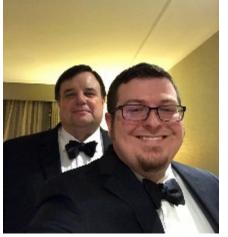
A Daring Future Awaits

Strategic background, the meaning of food, supply and demand issues, environmental dominance, the "rise of the machines"-AI, and coming supply chain issues are just the beginning









Dennis DiPietre, PhD, Economist Lance Mulberry, BA, Economist



Characteristics and Challenges of the New Food Environment

- I. The meaning of food is changing
- II. Rising per capita income means more meat demand
- III. Increasing and highly volatile input costs however reduce profits and eventually push down quantity demanded
- IV. Temporary unavailability of key inputs
- V. Market disruptions and closures (including export/import) and shipping ports and narrow straits (e.g., the Panama and Suez Canals)
- VI. China's Future (looking not so bright) is a big Wildcard

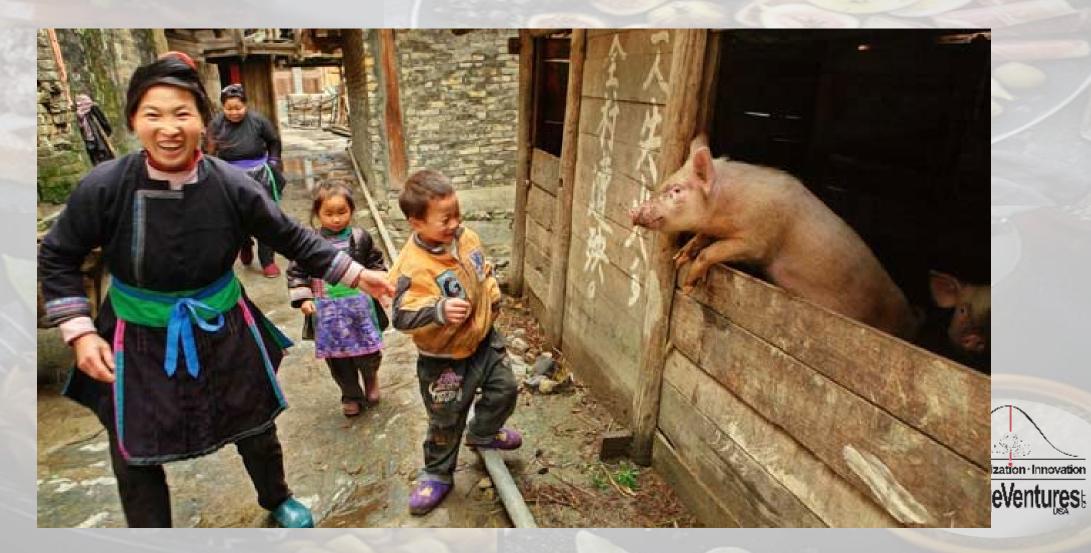


Ch of 1. 11. ///. ice IV V. port) ma and Precision · Optimization · Innovation VI. China's Future (looking not so bright) is a d KnowledgeVentures:

How meat production is evolving with changing demand Illustrated with pig production but is the SAME for all meat production



Mega Trend Shifts Since 1990



Mega Trend Shifts Since 1990





OLD **ORDER**

TENSION

Conventional Wisdom No Longer Works Innovation Demanded

NEW ORDER

TIME

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The Next Megatrend? Food Company Attributes



Food Company Attributes

- Locus of Control and Influence Moves to Governments Acting Through Large Food Companies who Cooperate to Maintain Access
- ESG; (E)nvironmental, (S)ocial, and Corporate (G)overnance are three overarching company policy attributes which are believed to attract future investors and government blessings. There is a rush to complete a full blown, individualized expression of this by a large number of food and other companies.
- Will the close cooperation of governments and the global pork industry be producer friendly? Not likely.
- Companies will enforce government demands by forcing the requirements "downstream" as a condition of producer sales.



Politicization is also changing consumer views

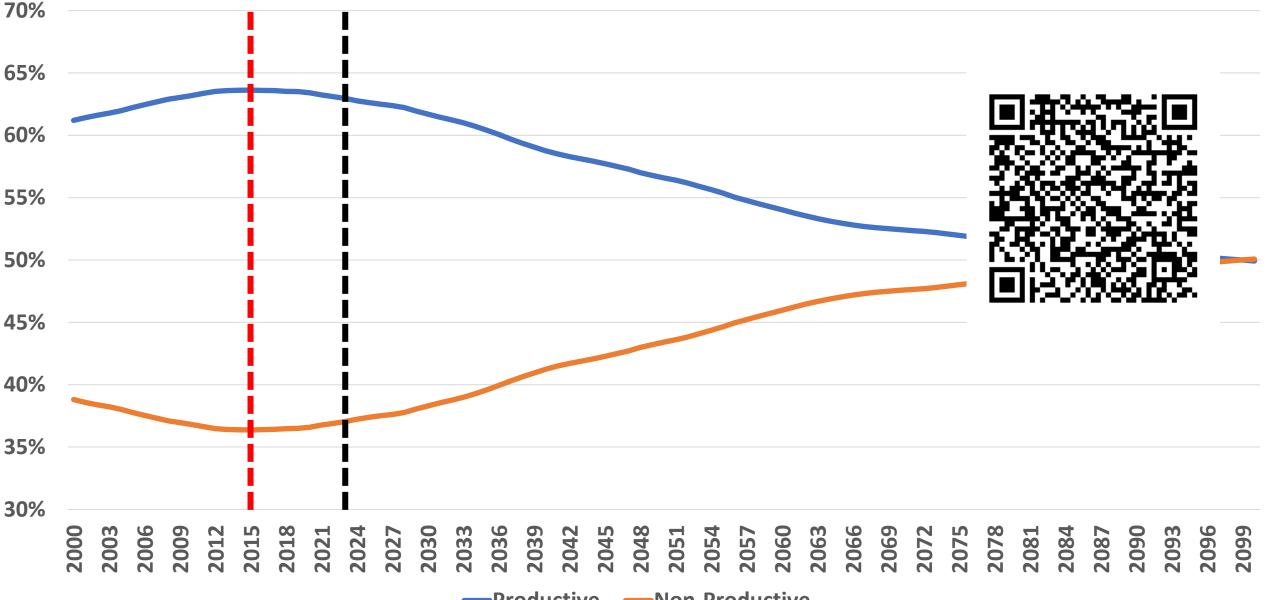
- "EFFICIENCY" No Longer ONLY Consideration
- Externalities Must Be Internalized
- The Rise Of Ethical Arguments
- Ethics Trumps Science; Science hijacked to support ethics
- Climate, Slow Food, Obesity, Sustainability, Carbon Footprint, Community and Worker Impact, Systemic Racism, Intersectionality, The Five Freedoms, Market Structures, Animal welfare
- Justice Issues



Rising Incomes NOT rising populations create more demand for meat AND Age demographics from the major importing countries favors less purchases over the next few decades The Problem of Future Demand

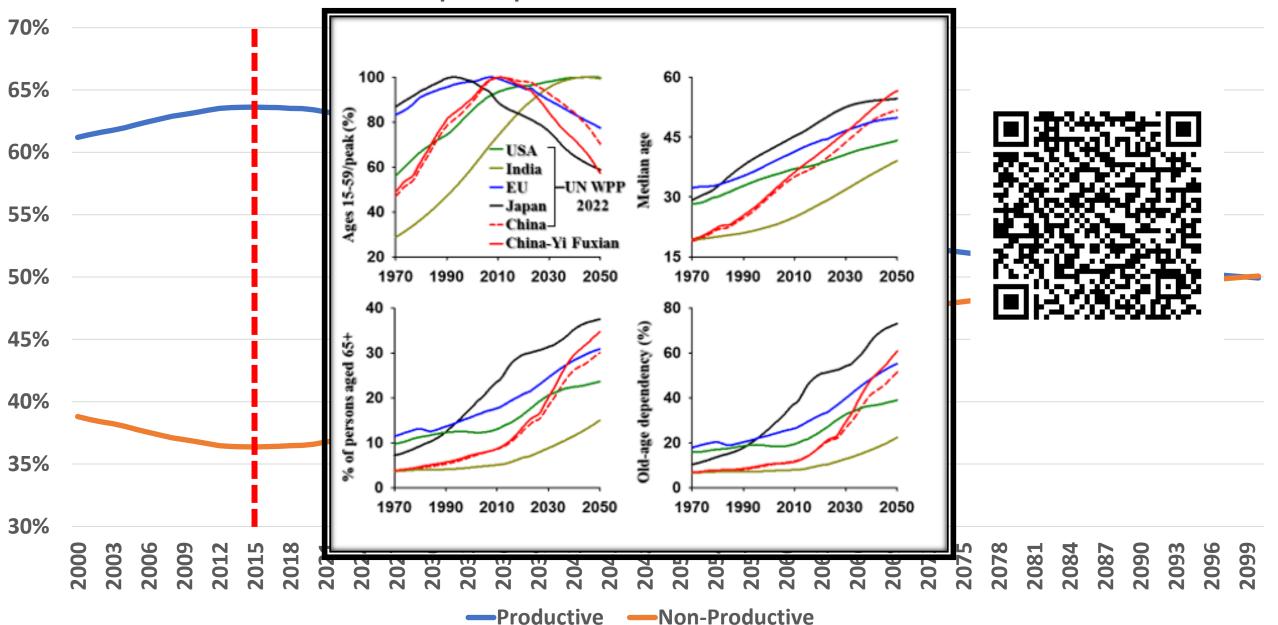


Percent of Population at Productive Working Ages Top 5 Importers of Pork Outside of NA

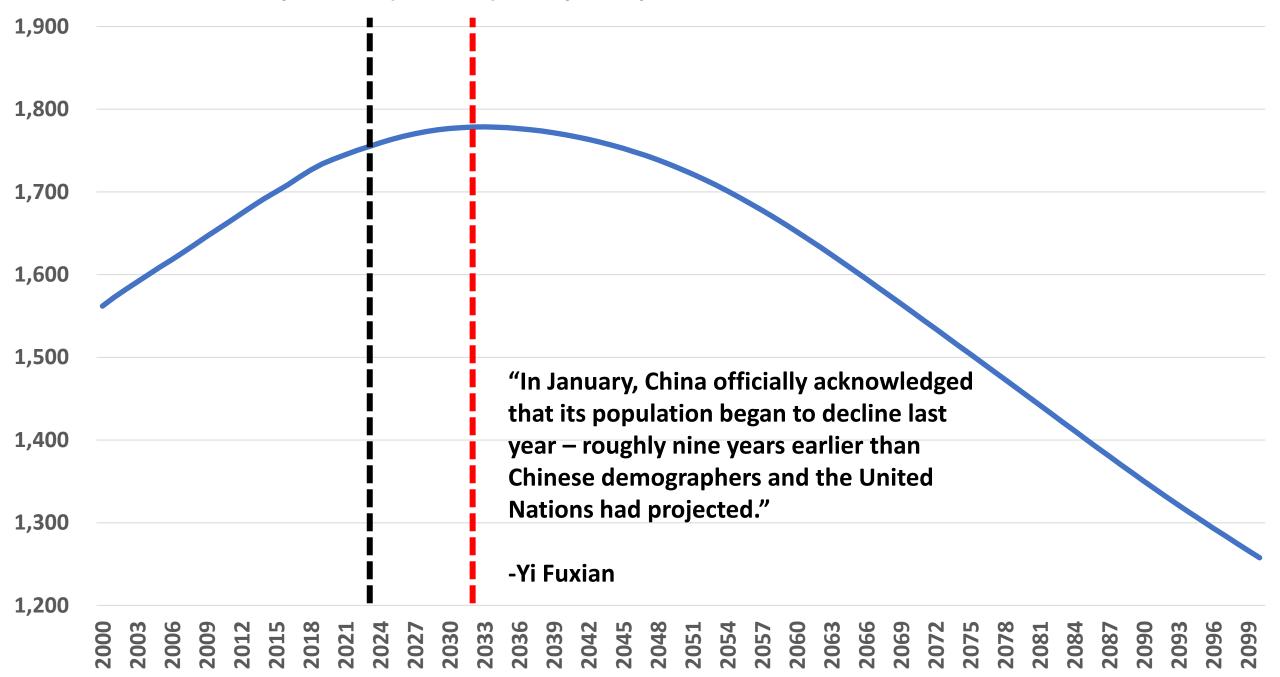


—Productive —Non-Productive

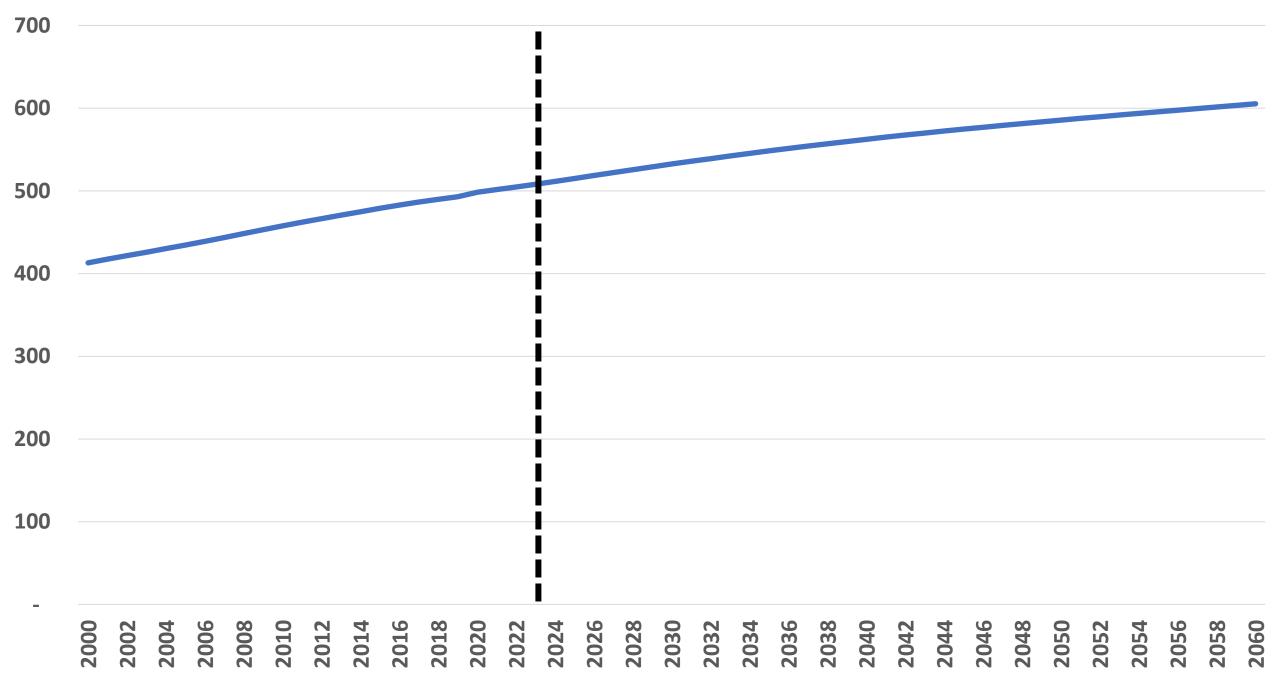
Percent of Population at Productive Working Ages Top 5 Importers of Pork Outside of NA



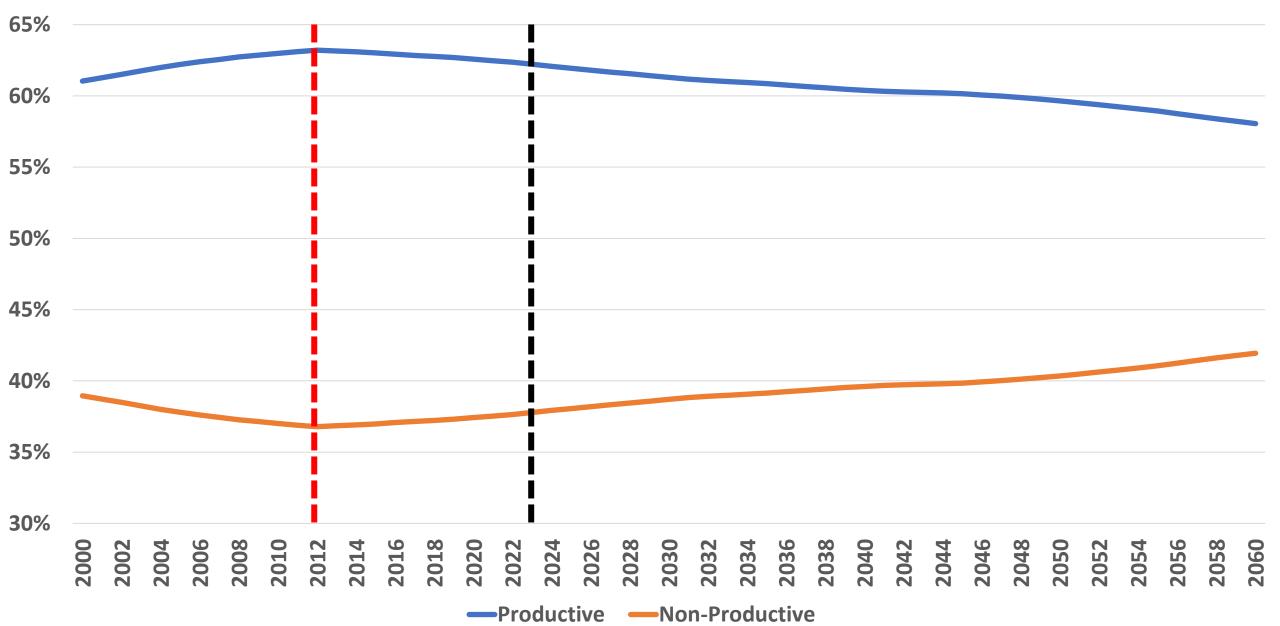
Population (millions) of Top 5 Importers of US Pork Outside of NA



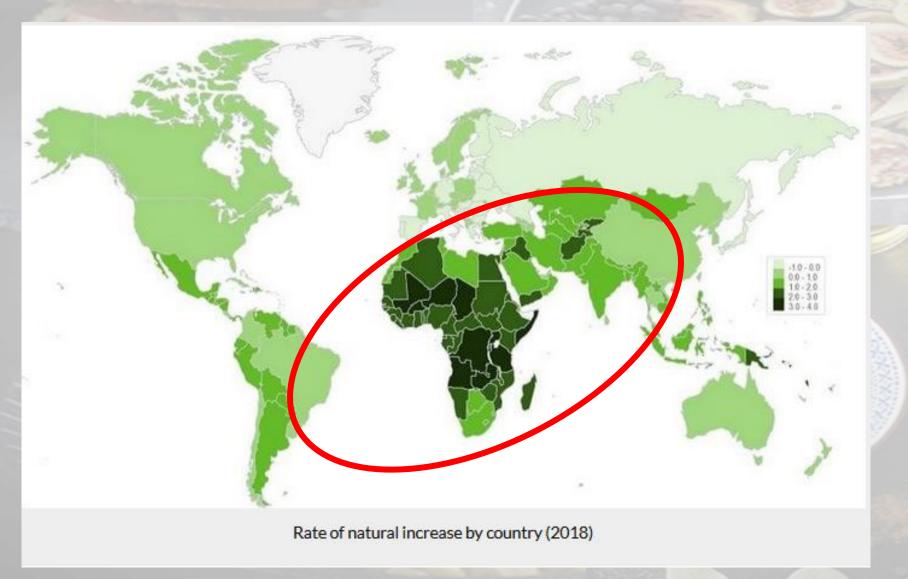
Population (millions) of North America



Percent of Population at Productive Working Ages North America



Population Growth Rates

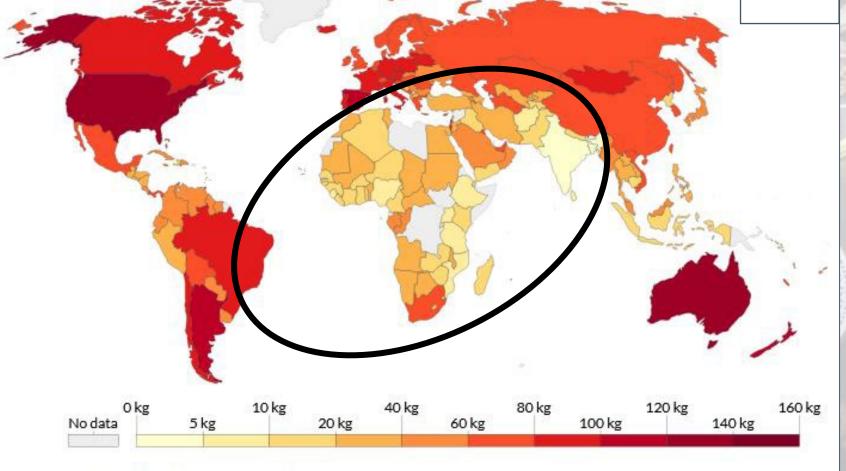




Source: Populationeducation.org

Meat Supply/Capita

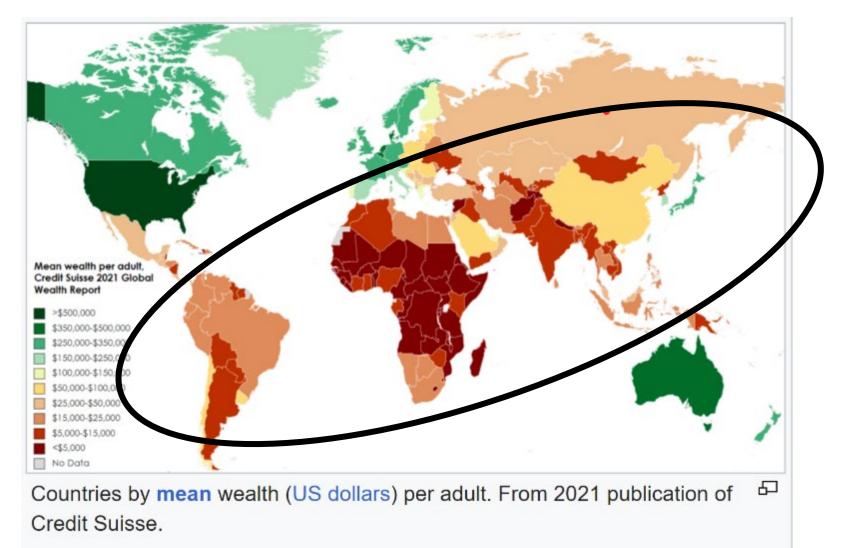
Meat supply per person, 2017 Average total meat supply per person measured in kilograms per year.



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Source: UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)

Mean Wealth Per Adult, 2021





How most of the world builds the essential amino acid requirements of their diet without meat



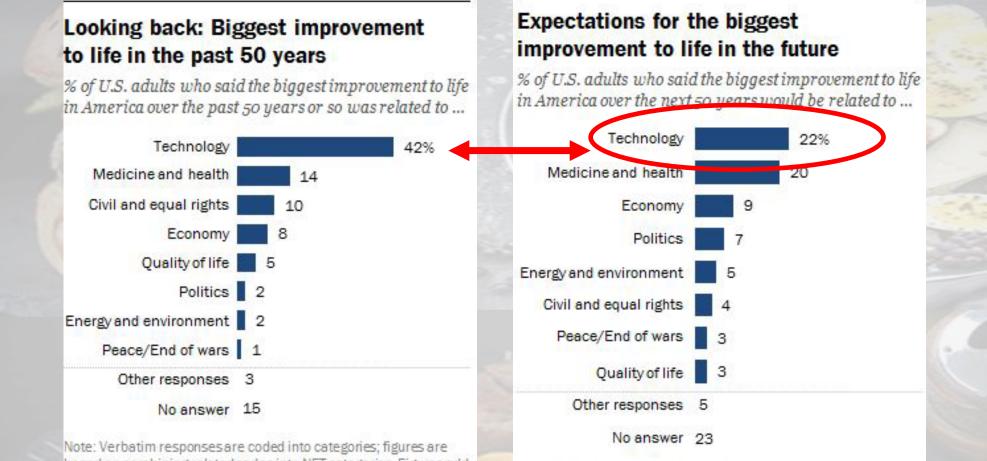
A legume and a source of carbohydrates



Our changing view of science and technology







based on combining related codes into NET categories. Figures and to more 100% because multiple responses were allowed. Source: Survey of U.S. adults conducted May 30-June 12, 2017.



Note: Verbatim responses are coded into categories; figures are based on combining related codes into NET categories. Figures add to more than 100% because multiple responses were allowed. Source: Survey of U.S. adults conducted May 30-June 12, 2017.

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Industrial production giving way to precision and regenerative technologies which support ESG goals

Visions of the Future are Changing



Public

Industrial Vs Precision Models



USDA Natural Resources Conservat / USDA Natural Resources Conservat



Source: USDA

Industrial Vs Precision Models





Source: USDA

Tomatoes grown by WDW Epcot Center for restaurants on-site using precision tech





The Meaning of Food

Alternative protein makers are positioning their products in the meaning of food



Chinese companies are rolling out fake meat mooncakes this Mid-Autumn Festival

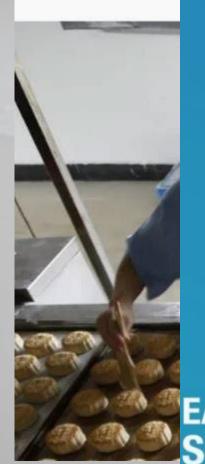
Source: Quartz Online



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Animal Sentience (EU 1999) This changes everything and is positioned as compelling by Alternative protein makers



The Five Freedoms Forming the basis of Animal Welfare Policy by the EU

- Freedom from hunger and thirst access to fresh water and a diet for full health and vigor,
- Freedom from discomfort an appropriate environment with shelter and comfortable rest area,
- Freedom from pain, injury and disease prevention or rapid treatment,
- Freedom to express normal behavior adequate space and facilities, company of the animal's own kind,
- Freedom from fear and distress conditions and treatment which avoid mental sufferings



Risky pathways of the modern meat industry in response to animal welfare criticism

- If next technology lowers cost, it automatically is welfare superior
- Rearranging housing and equipment (gestation crates, broiler density, battery cages, free range, etc.) will largely solve the problem
- Meat industry participants cannot articulate a fundamentally coherent ethics of modern meat production and consumption



Message to the Consumer

Industrial scale animal agriculture <u>is</u> cruelty to animals



Anti-Industrial Strategies Focus on Outlawing the Underpinnings of Scale

- Use of Technology (Animal Welfare, GMOs, etc.)
- Use of Antibiotics (Catastrophic Disease)
- Use of Business Structures (Packer Ownership Ban, COOL, Contracting, Captive Supply Contracts)
- Use of Labor (Selective Immigration Enforcement)
- Use of Resources (Manure As a Hazardous Waste)
- Use of the Global Marketplace (Carbon Footprint, Exports Cause Global Warming, Energy Use, Water Use)

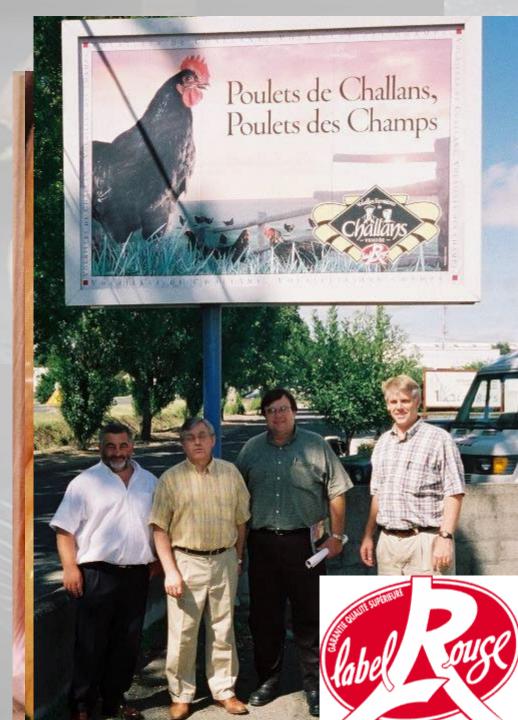


Traditional Meat branding

- Branding around technology
- Branding around assurances about no contamination
- Branding assurance regarding organic attributes
- Branding around origins (appellations) or genetics (Duroc)
- Branding around other attributes such as scale of production

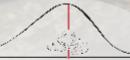








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Newly available methods provide dramatic improvements in forecasting using prior data The rise of machine learning/artificial intelligence



Machine Learning

Algorithms* that can learn and adapt without following explicit instructions,

Using statistical models to analyze and draw inferences from patterns in data.

*set of rules to be followed in calculations or other problem-solving operations



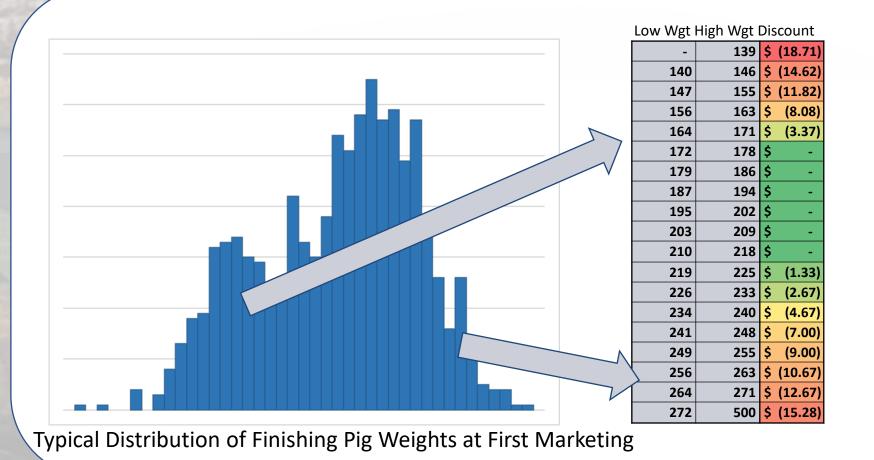
Precision Livestock Farming:

Economic Significance of Weight Variation and its Mitigation PLUS Optimizing Most Performance Metrics as Distributions Vs Single Pig Calculations



Profitability

The combination of asymmetric pricing structure and weight subpopulations allows for the accurate modeling of the cost of disease.



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Primal Weight Distribution Created by Carcass Weight Variation

							-								
HAM	HAM	Frequency	LOIN	LOIN	Frequency	SHOULDER	SHOULDER	Frequency	BELLY	BELLY	Frequency	CARCASS	CARCASS	Frequency	_
25	25	0	25	25	0	20	20	0	10	10	0	115	115	0	
27	27	0	27	27	0	22	22	1	12	12	0	120	120	0	
29	29	0	29	29	0	24	24	2	14	14	1	125	125	0	
31	31	0	31	31	7	26	26	11	16	16	6	130	130	1	
33	33	2	33	33	36	28	28	49	18	18	46	135	135	0	-
35	35	32	35	35	185	30	30	293	20	20	438	140	140	2	
37	37	141	37	37	731	32	32	1168	22	22	1976	145	145	2	
39	39	633	39	39	2021	34	34	2975	24	24	3957	150	150	6	
41	41	1893	41	41	3172	36	36	3386	26	26	2 <mark>7</mark> 36	155	155	6	
43	43	3045	43	43	2487	38	38	1602	28	28	721	160	160	21	
45	45	2730	45	45	1048	40	40	420	30	30	_ 02	165	165	44	
47	47	1132	47	47	257	42	42	73	22	32	1.	170	170	103	
49	49	324	49	45	46	44	1	8	34	34	3	175	175	167	
51	51	57	51	51	3	46	46	3	36	36	0	180	180	400	
53	53	4	53	53	2	48	10	2	32	38	0	185	185	664	
55	55	2	55	55	2	50	50		40	40	U	1ะา	190	1007	
57	57	2	57	57	0	52	52	0	42	44	0	195	195	143 <mark>3</mark>	
59	59	0	59	59	0	54	54	0	44	44	U	20	200	1640	
61	61	0	61	61	0	56	56	0	46	46	1	205	Z0.	1498	
	More	3		More	3		More	3		More	2	210	210	1166	
												215	215	811	
												220	220	491	

More

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Deep analysis using AI allows

- The introduction of sensors and other individual animal data measurements
- Massive volumes of data, heretofore unusable, to produce a precision analysis of the production system
- The emergence of targeted interventions vs. whole barn treatments
- For farm specific optimization of processes now simply managed to industry-wide benchmarks
- Precision culling of breeding stock and prediction of the future need for replacement breeding stock
- Many other cost reduction and income enhancing actions



Using AI to Understand Disease as a Dynamic Event Rather than a Static State

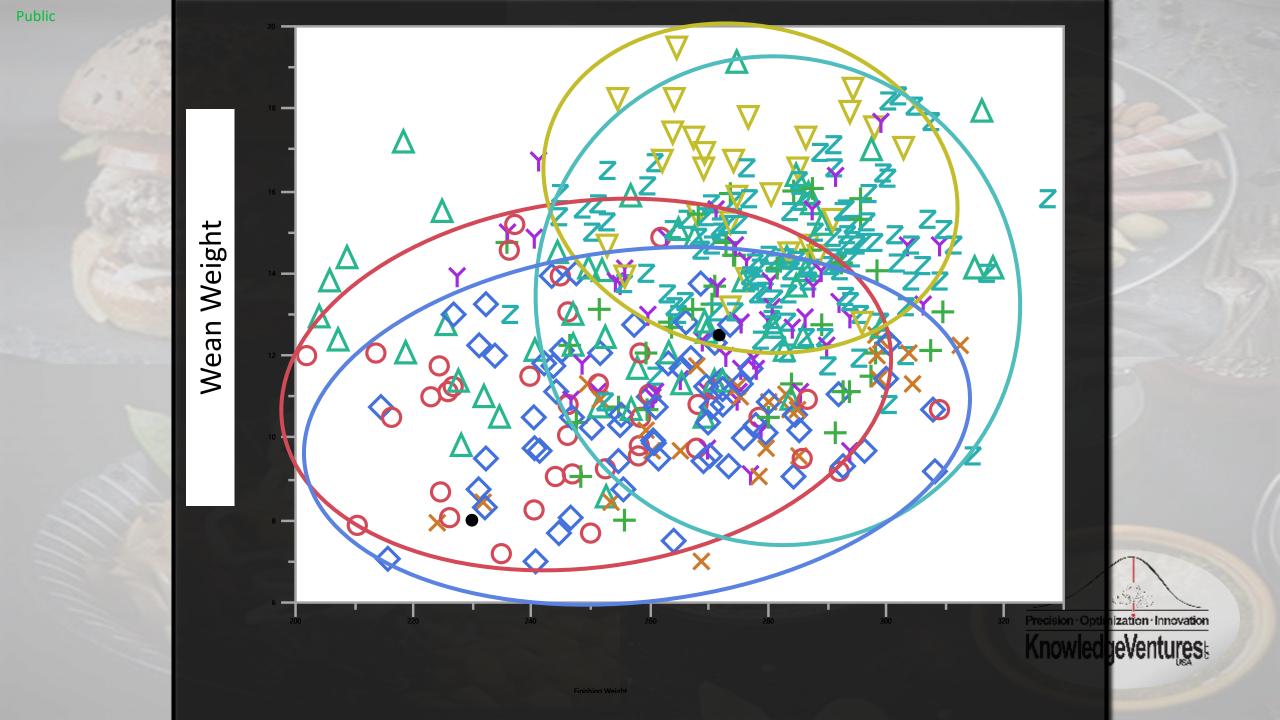
- Economics of Disease is rarely calculated correctly
- It is usually more accurate to say that disease "emerges" in a farm rather than disease "breaks".
- Disease emerges in a region, a building, a site, etc.
- Disease emerges within an animal causing widely differing consequences over different time horizons
- Disease can have different consequences by Parity of Sow, by birthweight within a litter, or sow condition for instance.

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Subpopulation discovery and analysis facilitated by Machine Intelligence

An Example





Data Issues Blocking Full Value of AI in Pig Production Systems

- Critical Data <u>NOT</u> Collected
- Critical Data <u>UNABLE</u> to be Collected because of SOP entrenchment
- Data is Being Fragmented and Made Unavailable by Capture in Diverse Technologies Which Manage One Aspect of Production
- Data Organization by Record Systems and Technology Providers Typically Push Out Summaries and Averages and Proprietary Reports
- Data Warehouse Concepts Not Well Developed or Deployed Yet
- Data Still Mostly Used for Reporting Functions Rather than Optimization



Problems with How Data is Typically Used

- Data is often collected in order to solve a single specific problem
 - Example: Feed data used to indicate when to order more
- Frequently segregated in a way that makes cross referencing a challenge
 - Because data is collected for single purposes it is often stored separately and has no reference points for connecting them together
 - Example: Breeding and finishing data
- Saved in ways that make using them difficult to use
 - Handwritten records that are then stored in a filing cabinet
- Heavily summarized
 - Even when detailed data is collected (individual sow data), managers typically only see performance monitors or dashboards that aggregate everything into weekly or monthly averages

Public

 Data is often col Example: Feed Erequently segret 	indicate wh	n	Boar Info. 02 01 Genetics FAST Service Date Feb 07, 20 Mating Group 18-06	the state of the s	Born Brth Stil Alive Wight Born 14.2 1.5 0.8
	Pate	Head	Wat	Aue	Age
	5.20	582	36.899	63.40	10 w
	13-20	576	3 1.784	55,18	9 uk
	19-20	516	28,627	49,69	9 wks
	-2-20	576	32,525	56.46	9 wks
		1272	11.258	41.38	Buk
	SOW IS Litters / matec 5 1 20	504	19,807	39.29	Swk
	Litters / female Pigs weaned 6 -22-20	675	24.219 (Feeder Pig) 35.88	Suk
monuny averages	Pigs weaned / female / yr (PWFY) Pigs weaned / farrowing space /)	25.4 26.5 26.9 154.7 161.2 165.1	27.1 26 164.6 162	

Decision Power, Inc. 6_Default

SFC SWINE (SwineBooks Pro)

Date Pri

Summary

- Rising cooperation between large oligopoly producer/processors and governments. Oligopolies develop ESG plans to assure governments and buy cooperation
- Meat demand is changing to support rising belief systems among the young. Attributes of Food Companies will be next big influencer
- If China growth continues to slow, worldwide demand will slow and bring global recession (meat demand stagnates)
- First efforts at fake meat were largely unsuccessful but firms have not given up! (The have insects and other (tissue cultured protein coming)

Summary Continued

- Branding around food and food company attributes will rise and provide LARGE profitable niche opportunities
- Traditional meat production systems (especially large scale ones) will be under increasing pressure to reduce size and increase technological/innovation investments
- Climate mitigation and Animal welfare actions will bring hard decisions for producers and global (even intra-country) trade
- Machine algorithms (AI primarily neural nets) will provide stunning insight and pathways into cost reduction and income enhancement not currently available by standard analysis/records management etc.

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 Most farms not ready for biggest advantages of AI due to chaotic data collection and management

Thank you!

